ubject Code	: Aud/Bc-303	Booklet No. A	207
53.d		Date Stamp	
		Aud/Bc-303	
	2023		
(Old Course)			***************************************
	(3rd Semester)		led in by the ndidate
	COMMERCE		Com / BBA / BCA
	Paper No.: BC-303		ter End Term
	(Auditing)		2023
Eull M	Jarks: 70 Pass	Marks: 45%	
ruu n	Time: 3 hours		
	(PART : B-DESCRIPT	rive)	
	(Marks: 45)		
The f	igures in the margin indic for the questions	cate full marks s	
	#**		PE
1. (a)	What do you understar 'auditing'? Explain i objectives of auditing.	n detail the	3
	Or		
(b)	Write a note on conting statutory audit.	Suous audit and $4\frac{1}{2}+4\frac{1}{2}=9$	Commence of the Commence of th
2. (a)	What is audit plannivarious steps required financial audit.	ng? Explain the in planning for 2+7=9	gnature of vigilator(s)
		Turn Over	

241./78a

(2)

Or

- (b) What are the types of audit programme? Explain the contents of audit programme. 3+6=9
- 3. (a) What is verification? Distinguish between verification and valuation. 2+7=9
 - (b) What do you mean by the term 'internal check'? Distinguish between internal control and internal check. 2+7=9
 - **4.** (a) Explain the rights and powers of a 5+4=9 company auditor.

 Or
 - (b) Who appoints the first auditor of a company? Discuss the civil habilities of a company auditor.
 - **5.** (a) What is investigation? Briefly discuss the features and objectives of investigation.

 Or
 - (b) Discuss the procedures of investigation on behalf of bank initiating to advance loan.

* * *

2023

(Old Course) (3rd Semester)

COMMERCE

Paper No.: BC-303

(Auditing)

(PART : A—OBJECTIVE) (Marks: 25)

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

- 1. State whether the following statements are True (T) or $1 \times 5 = 5$ False (F) by putting a Tick (/) mark:
 - (a) Management audit is statutorily compulsory.

(T / F)

(b) Test checking is based on the statistical theory of sampling.

(T / F)

(c) Internal control includes internal check as well as internal audit.

(T / F)

		moval of a company auditor is contained under ction 224(7) of the Companies Act.				
			(T	/ F	·)	
(e)	An Ir	nvestigator must be a Chartered	Acco	untan	ıt.	
			(T	/ F	`)	
		he correct answer and place its provided :	s code	e in tl 1×	ne :10=10	
(a)	Fina	l audit implies				
	(i)	audit of account at the end of t	he ye	ar		
	(ii)	to detect frauds				
	(iii)	audit for submitting report im the end of the year	ımedi	ately	at	
	(iv)	audit of banking companies	[]	
(b)		scope of work of statutory pany is decided by the	audi	t for	а	
	(i)	shareholders				
	(ii)	management				
	(iii)	government				
	(iv)	law	[]	

(c) Test checking refers to		
(i) testing of accounting records		
(ii) testing of honesty of employees		
(iii) intensive checking of selected transactions	numb	er of
(iv) checking of all transactions rec	corded [
(d) Test checking should not be applied	to	
(i) Purchase book		
(ii) Sales book		
(iii) Stock book	r	1
(iv) Cash book		
(e) Vouching implies		
(i) inspection of receipts		æ
(ii) examination of voucher authenticity of records	to	check
(iii) surprise checking of accounting	ig reco	rds
(iv) examining the various assets		s James and San
(f) Valuation means		
(i) calculating value of assets		
(ii) checking the value of assets	6	
(iii) checking the physical existence	ce of a	ssets
(iv) examining the authenticity of	assets	

<i>(g)</i>	The	first auditor of a company will hold office				
	(i)	for a period of one year				
	(ii)	till the holding of statutory meeting				
	(iii)	till the conclusion of first ann meeting	ual gene	eral		
	(iv)	till a new auditor is appointed]		
(h)	An a	auditor, in general, is an				
	(i)	employee of the company				
	(ii)	agent of the company				
	(iii)	agent of the shareholders				
	(iv)	authority of the company	[]		
(i)	Inve	estigation can be conducted				
	(i)	yearly				
	(ii)	half-yearly				
	(iii)	quarterly				
	(iv)	whenever needed]		
(j)	Sta	tutory investigations are conduct	ed unde	r		
	(i)	Section 235				
	(ii)	Section 166				
	(iii)	Section 180				
	(iv)	Section 210	ſ]		

3. Write short notes on the following:

2×5=10

(a) Periodical Audit

(b) Audit Notebook

(c) Internal control

(d) Disqualification of an auditor

(e) Types of investigation

4 4 4