

Subject Code : Ba/Soc-501

Booklet No. **A**

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**Ba/Soc-501**

**2023**

( 5th Semester )

**SOCIOLOGY**

Paper No. : SOC-501

( **Marriage, Family and Kinship** )

Full Marks : 70

Pass Marks : 45%

Time : 3 hours

( PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE )

( Marks : 45 )

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks  
for the questions*

1. What is marriage? Discuss dowry as a marital transaction. 2+7=9

Or

Explain the factors that pose as challenges to the marriage as an institution. 9

2. Explain Duvall's developmental cycle of family. 9

Or

Explain the changing trends in family

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( 2 )

3. Explain the functionalist perspective on family. 9

*Or*

Discuss the conflict perspective on family.

4. Explain the classification of kinship terminologies with suitable example. 9

*Or*

Explain the genealogical method with diagram.

5. Discuss the patrilineal kinship system in the context of Naga society. 9

*Or*

Explain the matrilineal kinship system of Khasis of Meghalaya

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**Ba/Soc-501**

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( 5th Semester )

**SOCIOLOGY**

Paper No. : SOC-501

**( Marriage, Family and Kinship )**

( PART : A—OBJECTIVE )

( Marks : 25 )

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions*

**SECTION—I**

( Marks : 10 )

Put a Tick (✓) mark against the correct answer in the  
brackets provided : 1 × 10 = 10

**1.** An important advantage of exogamy is

- (a) it ensures that individuals will marry outside a group (    )
- (b) it helps to establish economic relations with neighbouring groups (    )
- (c) it reduces the likelihood of warfare (    )
- (d) All of the above (    )

( 2 )

2. When a female can have more than one husband, this situation is denoted by the term

- (a) polyandry ( )
- (b) nuclear ( )
- (c) polygyny ( )
- (d) None of the above ( )

3. Marriage is an important institution

- (a) because it aims at procreation and maintenance of children ( )
- (b) because it is a permanent bond between husband and wife ( )
- (c) because people having learnt to live in a family cannot live without it, as it is conducive to sex discipline and social harmony ( )
- (d) All of the above ( )

4. The family in which a person is born and raised is called

- (a) nuclear family ( )
- (b) family of orientation ( )
- (c) family of procreation ( )
- (d) patrilocal family ( )

( 3 )

5. Kinship relationship is based on

- (a) blood ( )
- (b) marriage ( )
- (c) adoption ( )
- (d) All of the above ( )

6. The kinship terms which are coined by joining suffixes or prefixes on objectives to the elementary kinship terms are known as

- (a) derivative term ( )
- (b) descriptive term ( )
- (c) classificatory term ( )
- (d) denovative term ( )

7. Consanguineous kinship relationship is based on

- (a) blood ( )
- (b) marriage ( )
- (c) adoption ( )
- (d) All of the above ( )

8. Establishment phase of Duvall's developmental cycle of family begins
- (a) from the time the couple become aware of the pregnancy until the baby is born ( )
  - (b) from marriage and continues till the couple become aware of the wife's pregnancy ( )
  - (c) when the eldest child enters school ( )
  - (d) when all the children leave their parents home ( )
9. In the Garo society, the heiress to the family property is called
- (a) Nokna ( )
  - (b) Nokoom ( )
  - (c) Nokma ( )
  - (d) Ling ( )
10. The Garo word for lineage is
- (a) Ling ( )
  - (b) Chowari ( )
  - (c) A Kim ( )
  - (d) Machong ( )

( 5 )

SECTION—II

( Marks : 5 )

State whether the following statements are *True (T)* or *False (F)* by putting a Tick (✓) mark : 1×5=5

1. The term 'amitate' is one of the kinship usages used for father's sister who gets prime importance and respect.

( T / F )

2. In the Garo society, only the youngest daughter is chosen as Nokna.

( T / F )

3. In the genealogical method,  $\Delta$  (triangle) denotes female.

( T / F )

4. Joint family consists of more than one primary family.

( T / F )

5. A genitor refers to an actual biological father.

( T / F )

( 6 )

SECTION—III

( Marks : 10 )

Answer any *five* of the following questions in short :  $2 \times 5 = 10$

1. What is bride-price?



( 7 )

2. Distinguish between endogamy and exogamy.

( 8 )

3. What is kinship terminology?

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( 9 )

4. What is family of procreation?

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( 10 )

5. What is couvade?

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( 11 )

6. Write a note on interactionist perspective on family.

( 12 )

7. Explain the degrees of kinship.

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