What is the importance of channel in the

process of communication?

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ure of

ator(s)

(Turn Over)

2. What is verbal and nonverbal communication?

Or

Explain the process through which communication takes place. Give three barriers that prevent the flow of communication.

**3.** Write a dialogue between an autodriver a passenger.

Or

What are the required qualities of a great speaker? Elaborate.

**4.** What is paraphrasing? How is it different to a summarizing?

Or

What are the difficulties in translating source language to target language?

5. What is a report? Explain the steps inverse in report writing.

Or

As a member of the College Students' User write a report to the Principal on the factors and problems in your college canteen. Such what should be done to improve the situation

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L23-10400/151a

Ba/BSc AF

2022
(CBCS)
(1st Semester)
ENGLISH
Paper Code: AECC-1
(English Communication)
( PART : A—OBJECTIVE )
( <i>Marks</i> : 12½ )
The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions
I. Choose the correct answer and put a Tick (✓) mark against the brackets provided : ½×15=7½
1. The word 'commune' has its roots in the
(a) Latin word, 'communis' ( )
(b) Greek word, 'communis' ( )
(c) French word, 'communis' ()
2. Receiver is the party to whom
(a) the message is encoded ( )
(b) the message is taught ( )
(c) the message is directed ( )

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3. Feedback is
(a) the act of interpretation ( )
(b) the response/reaction ( )
(c) the action of sending messages (
4. Verbal communication means
(a) expressing in words ( )
(b) you are reading a newspaper (
(c) anything that is communicated through sign language ( )
5. Personal space allows
(a) common friends, colleagues and co-workers ( )
(b) all the officials and professional relationships ( )
(c) everyone to enter ( )
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6.	Chro	onemics means	
	(a)	the region close around a person (	)
	(b)	the study of usage of time ( )	
	(c)	touch language ( )	
7.	The	term 'monologue' has its roots in the	
	(a)	German word, 'monologos' ( )	
	(b)	French word, 'monologos' ( )	
	(c)	Greek word, 'monologos' ( )	
8.	Inte	erview is	
	(a)	a written examination ( )	
	(b)	a form of oral communication (	)
	(c)	a problem-solving activity ( )	
9	. Noi	se leads to	
	(a)	noise pollution ( )	
	(b)	communication ( )	
	(c)	miscommunication ( )	

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10. Close reading refers to
(a) reading closely ( )
(b) the purpose of reading ( )
(c) analyzing a text to identify what the text expresses ( )
11. Translation is a process of
(a) changing topics ( )
(b) transforming a text from one language to another ( )
(c) analysis ( )
12. Comprehension relates to
(a) the ability to write ( )
(b) the ability to understand ( )
(c) the ability to speak ( )
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13. Periodic reports are
(a) short reports written for an official purpose ( )
(b) the reports written for internal communication ( )
(c) the reports that are prepared at regular intervals of time on specific dates ( )
14. Letters are a means of
(a) oral communication ( )
(b) verbal communication ( )
(c) written communication ( )
15. The main purpose of documenting is
(a) to provide information ( )
(b) to serve as a record or evidence ( )
(c) Both of the above ()

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II. Give short answers (any five):

1×5=5

1. What do you mean by encoding?

2. Write a brief note on formal communication.

3. What is body language?

4. Define paralanguage.

5. What do you understand by group discussion?

6. What is analysis?

7. Briefly describe note-making.

+++