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(6th Semester)

COMMERCE

(MAJOR)

Paper: BC/C12

[Goods and Service Tax (GST) and Customs Law]

Full Marks: 75
Pass Marks: 40%

What do you meet by emptions from do with the same do wit

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

1. (a) What do you mean by indirect taxes?

Distinguish between direct and indirect taxes. 3+12=15

Or

(b) What do you understand by GST Council? Explain the structure and functions of GST Council in India.

21=0+0+6 of assessment.

L25/503

(Turn Over)

Be/BC/CH2

2. (a) Define the term 'supply' under GST. Explain the different types of supply including composite and mixed supply.

3+12=15

(6th Semester)

- Define 'consideration' in relation to supply under GST. Discuss significance of consideration in the context of supply under GST. 3+12=15
- 3. (a) What is Reverse Charge Mechanism under GST? Explain the key features of Reverse Charge Mechanism. 3+12=15 Full Marks: 75

Pass Marks: 40%

What do you mean by exemptions from GST? Explain the exempted goods and services under exempted notification.

for the questions,

3+6+6=15

4. (a) Who can register under GST law? Give the benefits of registration. Also explain the types of registration under GST law.

3+5+7=15

(b) What do you mean by assessment under GST? Explain the different types 3+12=15 elegate of assessment.

(Continued)

What is customs duty? Explain the scope and significance of customs law in Regulatory International Trade. 3+6+6=15

Or

(b) Discuss the different types of customs 15 duties in India.
