

2024

(FYUGP)

(3rd Semester)

EDUCATION

(Minor)

Paper Code : EDN/M-3

(Trends and Issues of Modern Indian Education)

Full Marks : 75 Pass Marks : 40%

Time : 3 hours

(PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE)

(Marks : 50)

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

1. (a) What is adult education? Discuss the efforts made by National Adult Education Programme (NAEP) on adult education. 3+7=10

Or
(b) Vocational education is one of the means to solve the problems of unemployment. Discuss. 10

2. (a) Define population education. Highlight the significance of population education. 3+7=10

Or

(b) What is population education? Discuss the objectives of population education. 3+7=10

3. (a) Explain the concept of women education. Why do we need to prioritise education for women and girls? 5+5=10

Or

(b) Suggest various measures that can be undertaken to overcome the barriers of girl's education in India. 10

4. (a) What is value education? Discuss the various programs/methods that can be undertaken for developing values among college students. 3+7=10

Or

(b) Explain the role of education in inculcation of values. 10

5. (a) What is distance education? Discuss the merits and demerits of distance education. 3+7=10

Or

(b) Discuss the correspondence education as a mode of distance education highlighting its advantages. 5+5=10

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Paper Code : EDN/M-3

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(PART : A—OBJECTIVE)

(Marks : 25)

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

SECTION—I

(Marks : 15)

I. Put a Tick (✓) mark against the correct answer in the brackets provided : 1×15=15

1. The Scheme of Continuing Education was launched in the year

(a) 1995 ()

(b) 1996 ()

(c) 1997 ()

(d) 1998 ()

2. The capacities needed by every thinking adult are developed by

- (a) liberal education ()
- (b) moderate education ()
- (c) restricted education ()
- (d) compulsory education ()

3. The Indian Adult Education Association was started in which year?

- (a) 1839 ()
- (b) 1939 ()
- (c) 1833 ()
- (d) 1933 ()

4. Population education deals with

- (a) population dynamics ()
- (b) population explosion ()
- (c) population growth and development ()
- (d) All of the above ()

5. Which among the following is not an important factor for India's rapidly growing population?

- (a) Low death rate ()
- (b) Immigration ()
- (c) High birthrate ()
- (d) Emigration ()

6. When was India declared as the highest populated country?

- (a) March 2023 ()
- (b) April 2023 ()
- (c) March 2024 ()
- (d) April 2024 ()

7. Balika Samridhi Yojana is a Central Government scheme launched in the year

- (a) 1995 ()
- (b) 1996 ()
- (c) 1997 ()
- (d) 1998 ()

8. Who is the Chairperson of the National Commission for Women in India?

- (a) Mamta Sharma ()
 (b) Lalitha Kumaramangalam ()
 (c) Jayanti Patnaik ()
 (d) Rekha Sharma ()

9. What are the root causes of gender discrimination?

- (a) Preconceived societal and individual beliefs about gender ()
 (b) Income level ()
 (c) Both (a) and (b) ()
 (d) None of the above ()

10. "Values are the ideals, beliefs or norms which a society or the large majority of a society's members hold."

Who gave the above definition?

- (a) Kane ()
 (b) John Dewey ()
 (c) Henderson ()
 (d) Urban ()

11. _____ are values concerned with beauty or appreciation of beauty.

- (a) Social values ()
 (b) Cultural values ()
 (c) Moral values ()
 (d) Aesthetic values ()

12. The best way of providing value education is through

- (a) discussions on scriptural texts ()
 (b) lectures/discourses on values ()
 (c) seminars/symposia on values ()
 (d) mentoring/reflective sessions on values ()

13. The first Open University in India was established in the year

- (a) 1981 ()
 (b) 1982 ()
 (c) 1983 ()
 (d) 1984 ()

(6)

14. What was the earliest mode of distance education?

(a) Face-to-face sessions combined with online learning ()

(b) Teleconferencing ()

(c) Education through correspondence ()

(d) Video conferencing ()

15. Instructional communication in the distance education mode is

(a) unstructured ()

(b) self-regulatory ()

(c) informal ()

(d) structured and interactive ()

(7)

SECTION—II

(Marks : 10)

II. Write on any *five* of the following :

2×5=10

1. NLM

2. Problems of Population Education

(Marks : 10)

2x2=10

II. Write an any five of the following :
(a) Face-to-face learning ()

(b) Teleconferencing ()

(c) Education through correspondence ()

(d) Video conferencing ()

15. Instructional communication in the distance education mode is

(a) unstructured ()

(b) self-regulatory ()

(c) informal ()

(d) structured and interactive ()

3. Sex education

(10)

4. Gender equality

(11)

5. Beti Bachao Beti Padhao

6. Meaning of values

7. Scope of distance education

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2024

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(3rd Semester)

POLITICAL SCIENCE

(Minor)

Paper Code : POL/H/M-3

**(Introduction to Comparative Government
and Politics)**

Full Marks : 75

Pass Marks : 40%

Time : 3 hours

(PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE)

(Marks : 50)

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

1. (a) Discuss the meaning, nature and scope
of comparative politics. 10

Or

(b) Explain the developmental stages of
comparative politics. 10

2. (a) What is liberal democracy? Explain the main features of liberal democracy.

2+8=10

(3rd Semester)
Or

(b) Define colonialism. Describe the causes for the rise of colonialism and its impact in political, economic and social spheres.

2+8=10

3. (a) Enumerate the historical documents that led to the development of the British Constitution.

10

Or

(b) Trace the history of evolution of the Constitution of People's Republic of China.

10

4. (a) Discuss the powers and functions of the President of the United States of America.

10

Or

(b) Describe the organization, working and programmes of the important political parties of France. What are the main features of the French party system?

10

5. (a) Describe the organization, working and features of the British judicial system. 10

Or

(b) What do you understand by judicial review? Discuss the jurisdiction and powers of the US Supreme Court. 2+8=10

2. What type of government has a king or queen that holds all the power?

- (a) Monarchy ()
- (b) Dictatorship ()
- (c) Direct democracy ()
- (d) Republic ()

3. What type of government elects representatives to make all government decisions?

- (a) Republic ()
- (b) Direct democracy ()
- (c) Dictatorship ()
- (d) Monarchy ()

4. Who holds the most power in the US?

- (a) The President ()
- (b) The Congress ()
- (c) The American people ()
- (d) Power is shared among all of them ()

5. Which of the following is a characteristic of liberal democracy?

- (a) It is a system based on written constitution ()
- (b) Representatives acquire their office by inheritance ()
- (c) The rights of citizens are granted by the ruler ()
- (d) None of the above ()

6. Charles Fourier and St. Simon were the real pioneers of

- (a) socialism ()
- (b) capitalism ()
- (c) feudalism ()
- (d) fascism ()

7. What impact colonialism has on traditional rural societies in terms of land ownership?

- (a) Increased local control ()
- (b) Preservation of traditional system ()
- (c) Displacement and disruption ()
- (d) Enhanced communal ownership ()

2. Spoils system

- (a) Lack of internal democracy ()
- (b) Increased dependence on money ()
- (c) Increased dependence on muscle power ()
- (d) All of the above ()

9. The system of judicial review originated in

- (a) India ()
- (b) USA ()
- (c) Russia ()
- (d) None of the above ()

10. The power of judicial review relates to which of the following actions?

- (a) Advise the President on constitutional matters ()
- (b) Declare laws of the Parliament unconstitutional that are against the constitution ()
- (c) Review the organization of judiciary ()
- (d) Prepare laws to preserve the rule of law ()

3. Presidential form of Government

(10)

4. Parliamentary form of Government
6. Meaning of Globalization

(11)

7. Meaning of Socialism

The President of USA is the head of the State and Government.

(True / False)

The British Constitution is the mother of all constitutions.

(True / False)

Supremacy of the Communist Party of China is a unique feature of PRC.

(True / False)

Party system of France is an extra constitutional growth.

(True / False)

China is a democratic country.

(True / False)
