

(2) **Ba/HIS/MN-101**

2024

(**FYUGP**)

(**1st Semester**)

HISTORY

(**Minor**)

Paper Code : **HIS/MN-101**

[**History of India (From Earliest Times to Gupta Period)**]

Full Marks : 75

Pass Marks : 40%

Time : 3 hours

(**PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE**)

(*Marks : 50*)

The questions are of equal value

1. Discuss the sources of the ancient Indian history.

or

Give an account of the Mesolithic cultures in India.

2. Write a note on the origin and extent of the Harappan Civilization.

2024
Or

Discuss the significant features of the Harappan Civilization.

3. Discuss the political pattern of the early Vedic period.

(Mirror)
Or

Examine the economy of the later Vedic period.

4. Describe the origin and the main teachings of Jainism.

Or

Discuss the factors leading to the downfall of the Mauryan Empire.

5. Describe the contributions of the Satavahanas to the history of South India.

(Marks : 50)
Or

Discuss the political and economic conditions of the Gupta period.

1. Discuss the sources of the ancient Indian history.

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(PART : A—OBJECTIVE)

(Marks : 25)

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

SECTION—I

(Marks : 15)

Put a Tick (✓) mark against the correct answer in the brackets provided :

1×15=15

1. Numismatics deals with the study of

(a) inscriptions ()

(b) coins ()

(c) artifacts ()

(2)

2. The use of microliths is associated with

(a) Palaeolithic culture ()

(b) Mesolithic culture ()

(c) Neolithic culture ()

3. What type of palaeolithic tools are most commonly found in India?

(a) Hand axes ()

(b) Pottery ()

(c) Metal implements ()

4. The Great Granary was found at

(a) Mohenjo-daro ()

(b) Harappa ()

(c) Dholavira ()

(3)

5. Which metal was not known to the Harappan people?

(a) Copper ()

(b) Tin ()

(c) Iron ()

6. Which animal is commonly depicted in Harappan seals and artifacts?

(a) Elephant ()

(b) Horse ()

(c) Bull ()

7. The Aryan God Agni is associated with

(a) thunder ()

(b) fire ()

(c) water ()

8. Which Vedic text primarily consists of hymns dedicated to various deities?

(a) Rigveda ()

(b) Samaveda ()

(c) Yajurveda ()

(4)

9. Which Vedic institution was responsible for the administration of justice and law?

(a) Sabha ()

(b) Rajan ()

(c) Samiti ()

10. The most powerful ruler of the Nanda dynasty was

(a) Dhanananda ()

(b) Mahananda ()

(c) Mahapadmananda ()

11. What is the name of the sacred texts in Jainism?

(a) Vedas ()

(b) Tripitaka ()

(c) Agamas ()

12. The Wheel of Dharma in Buddhism represents

(a) the cycle of reincarnation ()

(b) the teachings of Buddha ()

(c) the Buddhist monastic order ()

(5)

13. Which Gupta ruler was known as the Napoleon of India?

(a) Chandragupta I ()

(b) Samudragupta ()

(c) Chandragupta II ()

14. The Satavahana dynasty primarily ruled over which region of India?

(a) Northern ()

(b) Southern ()

(c) Deccan plateau ()

15. Who was the most famous ruler of the Kushana Empire?

(a) Kanishka ()

(b) Kujula Kadphises ()

(c) Vima Kadphises ()

SECTION—II

(Marks : 10)

Write short notes on the following : 2×5=10

1. Inscription

Or

Neolithic Culture

10. The most powerful ruler of the Nanda dynasty was

14. The Satavahana dynasty primarily ruled over which region of India?

- (a) Northern
- (b) Southern
- (c) Deccan plateau

11. What is the name of the sacred texts?

- (a) Vedas
- (b) Tripitaka
- (c) Samagya

15. Who was the most famous ruler of the Kushana Empire?

12. The Wheel of Dharma in Buddhism

- (a) represents the cycle of reincarnation
- (b) represents the teachings of Buddha
- (c) represents the Buddhist order

2. Town Planning

Or

Harappan Seal

3. Varna System

Or

Role of Sabha and Samiti

Write short notes on the following :

1. Inscription

Or

Neolithic Culture

4. Two Sects of Jainism

Or

Four Nobel Truths

5. Chandragupta Maurya
Or
Kautilya

Two Sects of Jainism
Or
Four Nobel Truths
