

2024

( FYUGP )

( 1st Semester Repeater )

POLITICAL SCIENCE

( Minor )

Paper Code : POL/H/M-1

( Understanding Political Theory )

Full Marks : 75

Pass Marks : 40%

Time : 3 hours

( PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE )

( Marks : 50 )

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks  
for the questions*

1. What is the importance of studying Political Science? Explain the characteristics of the term 'political'. 5+5=10

Or

State the nature and relevance of political theory. 5+5=10

2. Discuss the principles of Marxist traditions of political theory. 10

Or

Elaborate on the anarchist and conservative traditions of political theory. 5+5=10

3. What is normative approach? Write the characteristics of normative approach. 4+6=10

Or

Examine the historical approach of political theory. 10

4. Critically analyze the feminist perspective of political theory. 10

Or

What is post-modernism? Discuss the main features of post-modernism. 4+6=10

5. What is deliberative democracy? State its challenges and opportunities. 2+8=10

Or

Discuss the important factors determining the political participation. 10

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**POLITICAL SCIENCE**

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Paper Code : POL/H/M-1

**( Understanding Political Theory )**

( PART : A—OBJECTIVE )

( Marks : 25 )

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions*

Put a Tick (✓) mark against the correct answer in the brackets provided : 1×10=10

1. The term 'polis' derived from the Greek word which means

(a) Policy ( )

(b) State ( )

(c) City ( )

(d) City-State ( )

2. Who is regarded as the father of Political Science?

- (a) Aristotle ( )
- (b) Plato ( )
- (c) Rousseau ( )
- (d) Hobbes ( )

3. "Man is by nature a political animal" was quoted by

- (a) Plato ( )
- (b) Socrates ( )
- (c) Euclid ( )
- (d) Aristotle ( )

4. Which is not the approach to the study of political theory?

- (a) Traditional approach ( )
- (b) Sociological approach ( )
- (c) Philosophical approach ( )
- (d) None of the above ( )

5. Behavioural approach dominated the study of politics after the

- (a) World War I ( )
- (b) World War II ( )
- (c) Cold War ( )
- (d) Prussian War ( )

6. Deliberative democracy involves

- (a) politicians consulting their ministerial colleagues before taking decisions ( )
- (b) every major political decision being taken after referendum ( )
- (c) extensive public debate before taking decisions ( )
- (d) None of the above ( )

7. According to Marxist theory

- (a) the State and society are created by God ( )
- (b) the State is artificial creation to suit the ruling class ( )
- (c) the State is the outcome of capitalist revolution ( )
- (d) None of the above ( )

( 4 )

8. Historical approach is also known as

- (a) legal approach ( )
- (b) philosophical approach ( )
- (c) evolutionary approach ( )
- (d) traditional approach ( )

9. Consider the following about post-modernism :

1. Post-modernism is a reaction against traditionalism.

2. Post-modernism recognizes pluralism.

3. Post-modernism criticizes meta narratives.

4. Post-modernism criticizes local narratives.

- (a) 1 and 2 only ( )
- (b) 2 and 3 only ( )
- (c) 3 and 4 only ( )
- (d) 1, 2, 3 and 4 ( )

10. Mary Wollstonecraft was a

- (a) liberal feminist ( )
- (b) radical feminist ( )
- (c) Marxist feminist ( )
- (d) Psychoanalyst ( )

( 5 )

State whether the following statements are *True (T)* or *False (F)* by putting a Tick (✓) mark : 1×5=5

11. Aristotle used the term 'state' in modern sense for the first time.

( True / False )

12. Karl Marx gave the concept of class struggle.

( True / False )

13. The advocacy of women's rights on the ground of the equality of the sexes is called liberalism.

( True / False )

14. The term 'politics' is derived from the Greek word 'polis'.

( True / False )

15. John Locke is the father of political theory.

( True / False )

Answer/Write short notes on any five of the following : State (2x5=10)

1. Define the nature of political theory.

2. Historical approaches to political theory

3. Define the origin of politics.

1. Define the nature of political theory.

6. Liberal perspective on political theory

4. State the difference between Anarchist and Conservative traditions of political theory.

5. First wave of feminism

6. Liberal perspective on political theory

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7. Write briefly on the participation of people in politics. 3

5. First wave of feminism

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