

UG Semester-End Final Exams-2024

B.A 3<sup>rd</sup> Semester (SEC)

DEMOCRATIC AWARENESS & LEGAL LITERACY

Full Marks: 37.5

Pass Mark: 15

Time: 2 Hours

(Figures in the right hand margin indicates marks)

**I. SECTION-A (Objective Type)**

**1. Write the correct answer to each question. (0.5x15=7.5)**

(a) Which Article falls under protection in respect of conviction for offences?

- (i) Article 28
- (ii) Article 22
- (iii) Article 20
- (iv) Article 29

(b) Abolition of Titles such as Rai Bahadur, Raj Bahadur, Maharaja, Taluqdar, Zamindar etc falls under

- (i) Article 15
- (ii) Article 18
- (iii) Article 19
- (iv) Article 16

(c) Protection of certain rights regarding freedom of speech and expression, assembly, association, movement, residence and profession falls under

- (i) Article 19-22
- (ii) Article 18-20
- (iii) Article 25-28
- (iv) Article 30-32

(d) The New Juvenile Justice Act was amended in the year.

- (i) 2020
- (ii) 2022
- (iii) 2021
- (iv) 2019

(PTO)

- (e) Which Tribunal Jurisdiction deals with matters relating to license, Interconnection end tariff disputes
- CAT (Central Administrative Tribunal)
  - Income Tax Appellate Tribunal
  - Telecom Disputes Settlement and Appellate Tribunal
  - Telecom and Tariff Disputes Tribunal
- (f) The National Green Tribunal Act was formed in the year
- 2000
  - 2008
  - 2011
  - 2010
- (g) Legal Aid Services Provides
- Drafting Services
  - Mediation and Conciliation
  - Legal Counseling
  - Awareness Committee
- (h) Civil cases are primarily handled by
- Civil Courts
  - District Courts
  - State Courts
  - People's Courts
- (i) At the lower level, which court have the jurisdiction to try and dispose off minor criminal offences
- Judicial Magistrate 1st Class
  - Judicial Magistrate 2nd Class
  - Magistrate Court
  - Chief Judicial Magistrate
- (j) The reason for establishment of Lok Adalats are
- Equal Justice and free legal aid
  - Reducing Backlogs
  - Government Transparency
  - Speedy Resolution
- (k) Fundamental Duties of the Indian Constitution ensures to
- To promote and preserve the traditional heritage of our culture
  - To value and preserve the rich heritage of our composite culture
  - To upgrade the tradition of our culture
  - To respect our country's heritage

- (l) Which of the following Alternative Dispute Settlement involves a third Part?
- Negotiation
  - Conciliation
  - Arbitration
  - Mediation
- (m) Which Article ensures preservation of seats in Lok Sabha and Legislative Assembly?
- Article 338 & 339
  - Article 330 & 332
  - Article 15(14) & 16(4)
  - Article 17 & 46
- (n) Practical approach to Constitutional laws involves
- Public education and awareness
  - Ensures checks on power and holds the government accountable
  - Applying its principles and doctrines to real life scenarios in legal Governance
  - Court's interpretation of constitutional provision
- (o) Components of legal system includes
- Legal Professional
  - Law enforcement
  - Legal literacy
  - Court Jurisdiction

**(SECTION: B - Short Answer Type)**

**2. Write short notes on any five of the following: (1x5=5)**

- Alternative Dispute Resolution (ADR)
- Directive principles of State Policy (DPSP)
- Legal Literacy
- Legal System
- Tribunal System in India
- Constitutional Writs
- Juvenile Justice

**(SECTION: C - Descriptive Type, Answer any five)**

**(5x5=25)**

3. (a) Highlight the Role of Police with reference to India.

Or

(b) Explain Legal Service Authority.

4. (a) What are the Legal Provisions dealing with women in India?

Or

(b) Explain Habeas Corpus & Certiorari with examples.

5. (a) What are the Fundamental Duties of the Indian Constitution?

Or

(b) What is Juvenile Justice.

6. (a) What is Lok Adalat.

Or

(b) Explain Naari Adalat or Mahila Courts.

7. (a) Explain the Fundamental Rights and Mention the Six types of Fundamental Rights of Indian Constitution.

Or

(b) Explain Scheduled Tribes and Scheduled Castes.

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