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( 6th Semester )

**SOCIOLOGY**

Paper : SOC-601

**( Indian Society )**

( New Course )

*Full Marks : 70*

*Pass Marks : 45%*

*Time : 3 hours*

( PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE )

( Marks : 45 )

*The questions are of equal value*

1. "Indian society is characterized by unity in diversity." Explain with examples.

*Or*

Explain the main features of caste system.

2. Bring out the differences between the rural society and the urban society.

**22L/351a**

*( Turn Over )*

( 2 )

*Or*

Highlight the main constitutional measures that have been taken up for the upliftment of weaker section of Indian society.

3. Indian economy is characterized by mixed economy. Explain.

*Or*

Indian society is characterized by religious pluralism. Explain.

4. Discuss in detail the causes of poverty in India.

*Or*

Discuss in detail the causes of communalism in India.

5. Examine how tradition and modernity coexist in India.

*Or*

Write an essay on globalization.

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( PART : A—OBJECTIVE )

( Marks : 25 )

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions*

**SECTION—I**

( Marks : 10 )

Put a Tick (✓) mark against the correct answer in the  
brackets provided : 1×10=10

- 1.** In the context of Indian society, which of the following gives the correct meaning of 'unity'?
- (a) Similarity among the members of a group (    )
  - (b) Unity means absence of differences (    )
  - (c) Unity signifies integration (    )
  - (d) Similarity among the religious groups (    )

2. Which one of the following is not a necessary feature of caste system?
- (a) Purity and pollution ( )
  - (b) Common ancestor worship ( )
  - (c) Hierarchical order ( )
  - (d) Hereditary specialization ( )
3. Which of the following features characterizes rural social relation?
- (a) Secondary relation ( )
  - (b) Formal relation ( )
  - (c) Formal social control ( )
  - (d) Informal relation ( )
4. Article \_\_\_\_ prohibits discrimination on grounds of religion, caste, race or place of birth.
- (a) 18 ( )
  - (b) 16 ( )
  - (c) 15 ( )
  - (d) 17 ( )

5. Which of the following does not contribute to agrarian economy?

- (a) Cottage industry ( )
- (b) Animal husbandry ( )
- (c) Availability of better equipments ( )
- (d) Private moneylending practice ( )

6. Secularism means

- (a) the State is to give patronage to any one religion ( )
- (b) respect all religions without favouring any one religion ( )
- (c) lacking religious emotion, doctrines and practices ( )
- (d) to impose any particular religion upon the rest of the people ( )

7. Which of the following would you categorize as factor causing unemployment in India?

- (a) Rapid growth of population and decrease in labour force ( )
- (b) Rapid growth of population and increase in labour force ( )
- (c) Rapid industrial development ( )
- (d) Rapid development of the economy ( )

8. Which one of the following is not a cause of communalism?

- (a) The State has no official religion ( )
- (b) When one religion is discriminated against other ( )
- (c) Religion is taken as the basis of nation ( )
- (d) Demands of one religious group are formed in opposition to another ( )

9. Which one of the following pairs is correctly matched?

- (a) Yogendra Singh—*Society in India* ( )
- (b) M. N. Srinivas—*India's Changing Village* ( )
- (c) G. S. Ghurye—*Social Change in India* ( )
- (d) S. C. Dube—*Indian Society* ( )

10. Modernization depends primarily on

- (a) the introduction of technology and knowledge required for it ( )
- (b) increased levels of education
- (c) Development of transport and communication ( )
- (d) All of the above ( )

( 5 )

SECTION—II

( Marks : 5 )

State whether the following statements are *True (T)* or *False (F)* by putting a Tick (✓) mark : 1×5=5

1. The book, *Homo Hierarchicus* is written by Louis Dumont.

( T / F )

2. The distinctive way of life in urban area is called urbanism.

( T / F )

3. A mixed economy is an economic system where the private and State enterprises do not co-exist.

( T / F )

4. The rural society is heterogeneous.

( T / F )

5. Economic globalization means globalization of production and globalization of market.

( T / F )

( 6 )

SECTION—III

( Marks : 10 )

Answer any *five* of the following questions :

1. What do you understand by the term 'unity'?



2. Write a short note on religious minorities of India.

3. Briefly explain two characteristic features of rural society.

4. What is multiculturalism?

( 10 )

5. What do you understand by the term 'National building'?

**6.** What is subsistence poverty?

( 12 )

7. Distinguish between under-employment and over-employment.

★ ★ ★

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